

The Sydney Morning Herald.

"IN MODERATION PLACING ALL MY GLORY, WHILE TORIES CALL ME WHIG—AND WHIGS A TORY."

SYLVESTER, Fifteen Shillings per Quarter. Single Numbers, Sixpence; Current, Seventeen Shillings and Sixpence per Quarter.

Ten per cent. discount for payment in advance, and ten per cent. added if accounts are allowed to run over six months.

This is only news to be inserted to receive Money and Communications on account of the "SYDNEY MORNING HERALD" (except of the Office of Publication, Lower George-street, Sydney) are Mr. Wm. BALL and Mr. ALFRED FAIRFAX, Collectors, Sydney; Mr. WM. TRESS, Bathurst; Mr. LADAN WHITE, Wimborne; Mr. HUGH TAYLOR, Portarlington; Mr. JOHN COLEMAN, Postmaster; Mr. THOMAS W. PALMER, Deputy Postmaster, Wallington; Mr. ROBERT CRAIG, Cabinetmaker, Goulburn; Mr. JOHN M'KINLAY, Postmaster, Castlereagh and Merton; Mr. STEPHEN NURSE, Goulburn; Mr. THOMAS DOWS, Moreton Bay; Mr. JOHN HOUDLIDGE, Postmaster, Regent's Terrace; Mr. PIERRE HOGARTH, Maitland; Mr. A. W. LARMOORE, Maitland and Hobart; Mr. JOHN BROWN, Campbelltown; Mr. JOHN COLEMAN, Postmaster; Mr. THOMAS W. PALMER, Deputy Postmaster, Liverpool; Mr. MILES DOYLE, Berwick; Mr. ROBERT DAVISON, for the District of Yass; Mr. THOMAS DOWS, Moreton Bay; Mr. JOHN HOUDLIDGE, Postmaster, Regent's Terrace; Mr. PIERRE HOGARTH, Maitland; Mr. HORATIO TOZER, Port Macquarie; Mr. JAMES ALDERSON, Clarence River;

signature of "KEMP AND FAIRFAX," who hereby give Notice that no other will be acknowledged for debts accruing from January 1841.

The "Sydney Morning Herald" is Published every Morning (Sundays excepted); and the Quarters end the 1st March, 20th June, 20th September, and 20th December; at which periods ONLY can Subscribers decline by giving Notice and paying the amount due to the end of the Current Quarter ADVERTISEMENTS must specify on the last of them the number of times they are intended to be inserted, or they will be continued till countermanded, and charged to the party. No Advertisements can be withdrawn after Eleven o'clock, a.m., but new ones will be received until Nine o'clock in the Evening. No verbal communications can be attended to, and all letters must be post-paid

or those will not be taken in.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE Subscribers to this Paper, and the Public generally, are respectfully informed, that the following Rules are strictly adhered to:

In Sydney.—No new Subscribers will be received without one quarter being paid in advance, for which ten per cent. will be allowed; the subscription in advance being £10.6d., per quarter.

In the Country.—No new Subscribers will be received without half-a-year being paid in advance, for which ten per cent. will be allowed; the subscription in advance being £1 11s. 6d. per half-year; and the Proprietors must be furnished at the time with a written undertaking that all future payments, both for subscription and charges of advertisements, shall be made in Sydney, or by the hands of an Agent.

In all cases, whether in Town or Country, the names of persons will be struck off the subscription list, when the arrears against them have stood over twelve months, and proceedings for recovering the amount due will be instituted.

Advertisements must be paid for previous to their insertion.

In all cases of Insolvency, when the party is a Subscriber to this Journal, the name is at once erased from the Subscriber's Book; and if he wish to take the paper in future he must comply with the rule affecting new Subscribers, and pay in advance.

FOR BROULIE AND MORUYA RIVER.

(Calling at Jersey Bay if sufficient indemnification offered.)

THE FINE SCHOONER SHEPHERDEN'S will sail on Saturday Evening—has very superior accommodations for passengers. Apply on board, at the Albion Wharf, bottom of Market-street; or to

JOHN MORRIS, Old-established Coal and Timber Yard, Market Wharf.

May 15.

FOR WOLLONGONG.

T. BARD'S LEGACY will sail for Australia on Friday evening, the 17th instant, wind and weather permitting; has superior accommodations for passengers. For freight or passage apply to the Master, on board, at Jaques' Wharf; to J. Stillwell, Agent; or to G. Whitfield, Gunmakers, King-street West. All goods per Bard's Legacy stored rent free.

May 16.

FIRST VESSEL FOR MELBOURNE.

T. E. Packet Schooner Martha and Elizabeth, R. F. Pockley, clears at the Customs this morning, and will leave Lamb and Parbury's Wharf in the afternoon. For passage only apply on board; or to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER.

Packet Office, 468, George-street.

7216

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

T. E. Packet Schooner W. A. V. E. T. Birkenhead, will leave the Flour Company's Wharf Tomorrow, Saturday, 17th instant. Apply on board, or to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER.

Packet Office, 468, George-street.

7200

FOR MELBOURNE.

T. E. Packet Brig Christina, Captain Saunders, now discharging at the Four Company's Wharf, will positively clear for the above port. This day, and not on Sunday next, the 17th instant. For freight or passage apply at the office of

A. H. SMITH AND CO.

Sussex-street, May 16.

7203

FOR LAUNCESTON.

T. E. Packet Schooner MARY ANNE, Captain Amherst, at the Flour Company's Wharf receiving cargo. For freight or passage apply to

HENRY FISHER,

City-street.

7223

ONLY VESSEL FOR ADELAIDE.

TO FOLLOW THE "EMMA." THE packet SCHONER FANGUARD, no tonnage, will sail on Tuesday next, 20th inst. For freight or passage apply on board (Flour Company's Wharf), or to

SHEDDAP AND ALGER.

Packet Office, 468, George-street.

7201

FOR ADELAIDE DIRECT.

(Shortly expected, and will have immediate dispatch.)

THE fine packet brig DORSET, 93 tons, O.M., D. Walsh, commander. The accommodations of this vessel first rate; and for her regular and speedy passages is only equalled by the steamers.

For freight or passage apply to

J. M. SOLOMON,

South Australian Packet Office, Liverpool Wharf.

N.B.—Shippers are accommodated with storage for cargo rent free.

7203

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

T. MEG MERRILLES, Captain Thomson, will have quick despatch. For freight or passage, apply to Captain Thomson, CAMPBELL AND CO. on SMITH AND CAMPBELL.

House and Ornamental Painting, Writing, Graining, and Glazing, on reasonable terms. N.B. Ornamenting done for the trade.

7203

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Ten per cent. discount for payment in advance, and ten per cent. added if accounts are allowed to run over six months.

This is only news to be inserted to receive Money and Communications on account of the "SYDNEY MORNING HERALD" (except of the Office of Publication, Lower George-street, Sydney) are Mr. Wm. BALL and Mr. ALFRED FAIRFAX, Collectors, Sydney; Mr. WM. TRESS, Bathurst; Mr. LADAN WHITE, Wimborne; Mr. HUGH TAYLOR, Portarlington; Mr. ROBERT CRAIG, Cabinetmaker, Goulburn; Mr. JOHN M'KINLAY, Postmaster, Castlereagh and Merton; Mr. STEPHEN NURSE, Goulburn; Mr. THOMAS DOWS, Moreton Bay; Mr. JOHN HOUDLIDGE, Postmaster, Regent's Terrace; Mr. PIERRE HOGARTH, Maitland; Mr. HORATIO TOZER, Port Macquarie; Mr. JAMES ALDERSON, Clarence River;

signature of "KEMP AND FAIRFAX," who hereby give Notice that no other will be acknowledged for debts accruing from January 1841.

The "Sydney Morning Herald" is Published every Morning (Sundays excepted); and the Quarters end the 1st March, 20th June, 20th September, and 20th December; at which periods ONLY can Subscribers decline by giving Notice and paying the amount due to the end of the Current Quarter ADVERTISEMENTS must specify on the last of them the number of times they are intended to be inserted, or they will be continued till countermanded, and charged to the party. No Advertisements can be withdrawn after Eleven o'clock, a.m., but new ones will be received until Nine o'clock in the Evening. No verbal communications can be attended to, and all letters must be post-paid

or those will not be taken in.

THE SUBSCRIBERS to this Paper, and the Public generally, are respectfully informed, that the following Rules are strictly adhered to:

In Sydney.—No new Subscribers will be received without one quarter being paid in advance, for which ten per cent. will be allowed; the subscription in advance being £10.6d., per quarter.

In the Country.—No new Subscribers will be received without half-a-year being paid in advance, for which ten per cent. will be allowed; the subscription in advance being £1 11s. 6d. per half-year; and the Proprietors must be furnished at the time with a written undertaking that all future payments, both for subscription and charges of advertisements, shall be made in Sydney, or by the hands of an Agent.

In all cases, whether in Town or Country, the names of persons will be struck off the subscription list, when the arrears against them have stood over twelve months, and proceedings for recovering the amount due will be instituted.

Advertisements must be paid for previous to their insertion.

In all cases of Insolvency, when the party is a Subscriber to this Journal, the name is at once erased from the Subscriber's Book; and if he wish to take the paper in future he must comply with the rule affecting new Subscribers, and pay in advance.

FOR LONDON DIRECT,

T. E. Packet-built first-class Barque PENNY PARK, 527 tons register, J. White, commander. This vessel will meet with quick despatch, a considerable portion of her outward cargo being engaged and ready for shipment; she has excellent cabin accommodations, and roomy decks for steerage passengers. For freight or passage apply to the Commander, on board, or to

JOSEPH S. WILLIS, Church-street.

May 14.

FOR LONDON DIRECT,

T. E. Packet-built first-class Barque PENNY PARK, 527 tons register, J. White, commander. This vessel will meet with quick despatch, a considerable portion of her outward cargo being engaged and ready for shipment; she has excellent cabin accommodations, and roomy decks for steerage passengers. For freight or passage apply to the Commander, on board, or to

JOSEPH S. WILLIS, Church-street.

May 14.

FOR LONDON DIRECT,

T. E. Packet-built first-class Barque PENNY PARK, 527 tons register, J. White, commander. This vessel will meet with quick despatch, a considerable portion of her outward cargo being engaged and ready for shipment; she has excellent cabin accommodations, and roomy decks for steerage passengers. For freight or passage apply to the Commander, on board, or to

JOSEPH S. WILLIS, Church-street.

May 14.

FOR LONDON DIRECT,

T. E. Packet-built first-class Barque PENNY PARK, 527 tons register, J. White, commander. This vessel will meet with quick despatch, a considerable portion of her outward cargo being engaged and ready for shipment; she has excellent cabin accommodations, and roomy decks for steerage passengers. For freight or passage apply to the Commander, on board, or to

JOSEPH S. WILLIS, Church-street.

May 14.

FOR LONDON DIRECT,

T. E. Packet-built first-class Barque PENNY PARK, 527 tons register, J. White, commander. This vessel will meet with quick despatch, a considerable portion of her outward cargo being engaged and ready for shipment; she has excellent cabin accommodations, and roomy decks for steerage passengers. For freight or passage apply to the Commander, on board, or to

JOSEPH S. WILLIS, Church-street.

May 14.

FOR LONDON DIRECT,

T. E. Packet-built first-class Barque PENNY PARK, 527 tons register, J. White, commander. This vessel will meet with quick despatch, a considerable portion of her outward cargo being engaged and ready for shipment; she has excellent cabin accommodations, and roomy decks for steerage passengers. For freight or passage apply to the Commander, on board, or to

JOSEPH S. WILLIS, Church-street.

May 14.

FOR LONDON DIRECT,

T. E. Packet-built first-class Barque PENNY PARK, 527 tons register, J. White, commander. This vessel will meet with quick despatch, a considerable portion of her outward cargo being engaged and ready for shipment; she has excellent cabin accommodations, and roomy decks for steerage passengers. For freight or passage apply to the Commander, on board, or to

JOSEPH S. WILLIS, Church-street.

May 14.

FOR LONDON DIRECT,

T. E. Packet-built first-class Barque PENNY PARK, 527 tons register, J. White, commander. This vessel will meet with quick despatch, a considerable portion of her outward cargo being engaged and ready for shipment; she has excellent cabin accommodations, and roomy decks for steerage passengers. For freight or passage apply to the Commander, on board, or to

JOSEPH S. WILLIS, Church-street.

May 14.

FOR LONDON DIRECT,

T. E. Packet-built first-class Barque PENNY PARK, 527 tons register, J. White, commander. This vessel will meet with quick despatch, a considerable portion of her outward cargo being engaged and ready for shipment; she has excellent cabin accommodations, and roomy decks for steerage passengers. For freight or passage apply to the Commander, on board, or to

JOSEPH S. WILLIS, Church-street.

May 14.

FOR LONDON DIRECT,

T. E. Packet-built first-class Barque PENNY PARK, 527 tons register, J. White, commander. This vessel will meet with quick despatch, a considerable portion of her outward cargo being engaged and ready for shipment; she has excellent cabin accommodations, and roomy decks for steerage passengers. For freight or passage apply to the Commander, on board, or to

JOSEPH S. WILLIS, Church-street.

May 14.

FOR LONDON DIRECT,

T. E. Packet-built first-class Barque PENNY PARK, 527 tons register, J. White, commander. This vessel will meet with quick despatch, a considerable portion of her outward cargo being engaged and ready for shipment; she has excellent cabin accommodations, and roomy decks for steerage passengers. For freight or passage apply to the Commander, on board, or to

JOSEPH S. WILLIS, Church-street.

May 14.

FOR LONDON DIRECT,

T. E. Packet-built first-class Barque PENNY PARK, 527 tons register, J. White, commander. This vessel will meet with quick despatch, a considerable portion of her outward cargo being engaged and ready for shipment; she has excellent cabin accommodations, and roomy decks for steerage passengers. For freight or passage apply to the Commander, on board, or to

JOSEPH S. WILLIS, Church-street.

May 14.

FOR LONDON DIRECT,

application made to Mr. Wentworth, and have also further information, as to whether it would be imperatively necessary to have an Act of Council to authorise them following the proposed plan. This suggestion was agreed to.

In answer to a question from a member, as to the disposal of the Council gang, (containing forty-eight men), the Surveyor stated that as the reparation of Duck River bridge, for which he had intended fitting a large gang, the surveyor had proposed fitting one of the gang of the district on the Windsor Road, so as to make good the whole of the road; between that spot and the town, another gang would be employed in performing some repairs ordered at Iron Cove bridge; and for the employment of a third, he suggested the completion of the cutting of the hill near Longbottom, on the Sydney-road, commenced by the Government, but left unfinished. After some discussion was agreed to refer the distribution and employment of the men to the Surveyor-General's Office.

On the motion of Dr. Hill, Messrs. Byrnes, and Payten were placed on the Committee of Works, and Messrs. Oakes and Byrnes on the Finance Committee.

Mr. BRAUNS stated, that it being his intention at an early period to move a series of resolutions relative to what he deemed the real state of the Corporation—the committee, in their opinion, were unable to do so, and he therefore, in view of the peculiarity of the district, with a view of again obtaining them for the benefit of those for whom they had been granted, he wished to have the assistance of the District Surveyor, to aid him in obtaining the plans from the Surveyor-General's Office, and in measuring the different localities.

The WARDEN said, that the Council were in possession of maps of the district, and also of the different parishes.

Dr. BYRNE said, that these maps would be referred to from the originals, of which he wished copies, now in the Surveyor-General's Office, as they had been made after the issue of Sir Thomas Brisbane's leases.

The Council then adjourned until the 28th instant.

ELECTION GALL-DAY.—Wednesday was passed, in Parliament, in a manner which will long remain memorable to its friends. The day on which the newly elected members were to take their seats in the Council, it had been resolved to make it one of honour to them, and although the morning was most inauspicious, being one of drizzling rain, the zeal of the electors was not abated, and by half-past ten, a long cavalcade of carriages, containing voters, many of whom had come from some distance from the town, was in front of Nash's, Woolpack Inn, George-street, and the candidates had taken up their stations. The election, preceded by a flag-flop, and a band of music, proceeded round the town, many of the houses in the line of procession displaying flags from the roofs, giving rather a *diligent* appearance to Parramatta, and as the cavalcade passed the crowds that had assembled, loud and continued cheers were given to the new members. The *cavalcade* finally arrived at the Council Chamber, where Messrs. Oakes, Byrnes, and Payten alighted, and took their seats, and the meeting over, returned to the *carriage*; the horses fell in, and a noisy scene ensued, as some of the afternoon's feasting and sports. The locality selected was a large paddock in George-street, and the arrival of the new members was the signal for an hurrah, which made "the welkin ring." The arrangements that had been made here were admirable, proper space for the sports having been secured by putting up a rope having a sufficient height, and enclosing all literally in buckets full. The feast over, the sports commenced, which afforded much fun and amusement to the spectators, and no better excitement to those engaged in them, being the rather difficult task of climbing the gray pole for a hat, and catching a pig with a tail similarly circumstanced, a jingling match, diving in treacle and flour for silver, jumping wheelbarrows blindfold, running in sashes, &c.; between which some gymnastic exhibitions from Sydney displayed their abilities in throwing summersets, rappelling, and slack-rope swinging. In the evening there was a general entertainment given by establishing an amateur orchestra, and stockholders a confidence that had long been lost amongst all classes of the community, the longer absence of which, would have launched all into one irredeemable pit of ruin and awful distress. That all-saving bill had been, he remarked, denounced by the wise men at Downing-street, and it was ordered to be strangled here in its second year, by being repealed, with the thought that if it were so, it would be allowed to die a natural death, and the archives of Downing-street. He hoped the Govt. of South Wales would not become the executioner, and that in gratitude for the past, it would be allowed to die that death pronounced by the magnates of the Colonial Office. But surely after having condemned to death a Bill so repulsive with good, not only to the colonists, but to thousands at home, who had ventured their capital, and in some instances their lives, to the colony, the widow and orphan included, a Bill, perhaps incongruous even to the Statute Book of Russia, would be allowed to remain as it is now;—not however much inclined that Council, and not a majority would be found so inclined.

It might be delay in procuring the necessary grants from the Council for the wants of the interior, would, in themselves, be embarrassing, particularly in their tendency, and in all probability entailing a curse.

He hoped, however, that the members who had rendered himself and brother members, promised that if the electors should ever be dissatisfied with his conduct in the Council, he would at that moment resign his trust to them.

Great credit is due to all concerned in the day's proceedings, during the whole of which it is gratifying to add there was not the slightest breach of the rules of order or etiquette, and indeed from the commencement of the debate, it was a fair inference to draw that the general happiness prevailed at the election.

DEATH BY BURNING.—An inquest was held by the Coroner, C. Bethel Lyons, Esq., on Monday, at *Garrison's*, "the Jolly Sailor," in George-street, on the view of the body of Charles Rolt, a child about four years of age, who had met with his death from burning. From the evidence adduced, it appeared that the deceased, in endeavouring to drive a cat from under the chair in which he was sitting, had found his mother, who was absent, the draughtsman caused the flame to spread in that rapid manner, that on being met by her, who alarmed by his cries was coming to the deceased's assistance, he was in a body of fire. The injuries received were of that severe nature that although medical aid was immediately procured, the deceased, after forty-eight hours of agony, expired.

EXTRAORDINARY REVENGE.—A criminal trial was held yesterday before Mr. Justice Deane.

COURT OF ASSASSINS.—The sittings of this Court commence on Thursday next. The summons lists, both in the £10 and £30 Courts, are light in comparison with the last sittings. The number of cases in the former being 143, and in the latter 19.

MUDGEES.

A MURDER was held at Madgees, pursuant to the 2d clause of the charter of incorporation for the purpose of choosing members of the District Council of Madgees, Wellington, in the place of two who had resigned, and three who retired under the provisions of the charter. The Warden, Henry Bailey, Esq., presided. The following gentlemen were declared to be duly elected:—George Cox, Esq., J.P., of Winbourne; William W. Lowe, Esq., of Dibberet; Charles Blundell Lowe, Esq., of Dibberet; and John Blackstone, Esq., of Dibberet.

BATHURST.

AN INQUIRY was held at Madgees, pursuant to the 2d clause of the charter of incorporation for the purpose of choosing members of the District Council of Madgees, Wellington, in the place of two who had resigned, and three who retired under the provisions of the charter.

The Warden, Henry Bailey, Esq., presided. The following gentlemen were declared to be duly elected:—George Cox, Esq., J.P., of Winbourne; William W. Lowe, Esq., of Dibberet; Charles Blundell Lowe, Esq., of Dibberet; and John Blackstone, Esq., of Dibberet.

AN INQUIRY was held at Madgees, pursuant to the 2d clause of the charter of incorporation for the purpose of choosing members of the District Council of Madgees, Wellington, in the place of two who had resigned, and three who retired under the provisions of the charter.

The Warden, Henry Bailey, Esq., presided. The following gentlemen were declared to be duly elected:—George Cox, Esq., J.P., of Winbourne; William W. Lowe, Esq., of Dibberet; Charles Blundell Lowe, Esq., of Dibberet; and John Blackstone, Esq., of Dibberet.

POLICE OFFICE.—May 8. John Shea, free by servitude, was committed on a charge of high and robbery. This man, who stopped and robbed Falvey, on the evening of the 30th ultimo, an account of which was given in the *Herald* of the 6th instant. May 9. Peter Finn and George Littleton, charged with robbery from the person of John Quinn, on the Race-course, on the 30th ultimo, were committed for trial. An account of this case appeared in the *Advertiser* of the 13th instant.

ROADS AND BRIDGES.—The bridge at the Prying-Hut, about seventeen miles from Liverpool, is in the very numerous and dangerous state to which it had been reduced, and a representation has been made to the Board of Trade, who has stated that he has no authority to send out detached parties of men under his charge without special instructions to that effect from head-quarters. Since then a representative has been made to the Colonial Secretary, and we trust he will consider the matter of sufficient importance to call the particular attention of His Excellency the Governor to the subject; a party of twenty men will be able to repair, or at the utmost two weeks, to put this bridge in a good order; if we are to wait until our District Council commences operations, we fear we shall have to record many instances of loss of life and broken limbs, before this evil stands a chance of being remedied. This bridge has large holes on each side, and there is scarcely space enough between them for a carriage to pass the bridge with any degree of safety, and could I have known that my servant had previously got my paper. The Magistrate

to this bridge, the driver, and two of his passengers, if he has so many, have to dismount and lead the horses, and in the event of his having no passengers he has to dismount and unyoke and guide over his leaders, and leave them, with the chance of their bolting, and then to guide over the shafts and carriage; all this is attended with much delay and inconvenience, leaving out of the question the risk of loss of life and broken limbs; we trust we may be enabled to call to animadversus on this subject, as it may be an important point, it is one of paramount and serious importance.

POST AND DOGS.—Notwithstanding the many and repeated complaints of the great nuisance by the prowlings of these animals, no attention whatever appears to be paid to the subject; and for the employment of a third, he suggested the completion of the cutting of the hill near Longbottom, on the Sydney-road, commenced by the Government, but left unfinished. After some discussion was agreed to refer the distribution and employment of the men to the Surveyor-General's Office.

On the motion of Dr. Hill, Messrs. Byrnes, and Payten were placed on the Committees of Works, and Messrs. Oakes and Byrnes on the Finance Committee.

Mr. BRAUNS stated, that it being his intention at an early period to move a series of resolutions relative to what he deemed the real state of the Corporation—the committee, in their opinion, were unable to do so, and he therefore, in view of the peculiarity of the district, with a view of again obtaining them for the benefit of those for whom they had been granted, he wished to have the assistance of the District Surveyor, to aid him in obtaining the plans from the Surveyor-General's Office, and in measuring the different localities.

The WARDEN, before declaring the result of the election, said:—As District Councils had been spoken of in no very favourable terms by an elector, he would address a few words to those present on the subject, not as Warden of the district, but as an individual having the greater part of his property situated there, and accordingly more interest in the existence of such a body. Aaron, the speaker, considered rendering down bullocks in the interval between the two sessions to be in the neighbourhood of Sydney. Surely Mr. A. must have been dreaming, or could not understand what he was reading; a reading of my article will show, that there is not one sentence in it that bears any reference to the boiling down at one establishment or place over another; my sole object in all writing on the subject being to show some of the evils of the boiling-down system, and leaving the question of the use of the air to the subject to draw their own conclusions as to eligibility, or not, of following out that system. Before Mr. A. should have taken on himself to assert "it is fatal to infer I had chosen the highest average," he should have satisfied himself of that fact, inferences are no data for argument, and the use of them, in such a case, unfair and incorrect; the simple facts of the case give a direct and positive conclusion to the subject. Mr. Aaron's intention of writing on this subject, with the view I have stated; he very handsomely offered me access to his books to assist in carrying out my intentions. I examined his books, and selected three boilings down, and gave the results, without the least reference as to whether they were the highest or lowest; and I am perfectly satisfied that one of the results given by me is not only the lowest of any boiling down recorded at the time. In regard to the Speaker, I have also since found on enquiry that out of Mr. Hawk's twenty-eight bullocks, six were in very low condition, and below the usual average; Mr. Hawk's lot of 102 head were very many of them cows heavy in calf, and would not from that very circumstance give much internal fat. Mr. Armstrong's object seems to have been to puff the boiling down establishment up to Sydney, without inciting the expense of ventilation; and he ought to be thankful for the success of his scheme; but, as far as his letter will not have the intended effect, six inducing graziers in the interior to send their cattle to Sydney for boiling down, as it must be obvious to the meanest capacity that the expense of sending cattle from hence to Sydney, and the consequent loss in condition from travelling such a distance, would far exceed any counterbalancing advantages he attempts to point out. Mr. A. also alludes to the scarcity of cattle for some time past in the interior, which he says would be the consequence to the pastoral interests? Why nothing more nor less than their ultimate ruin; and as nothing more inclined than Council,—and not a majority would be found so inclined.

It might be delay in procuring the necessary grants from the Council for the wants of the interior, would, in themselves, be embarrassing, particularly in their tendency, and in all probability entailing a curse.

He wished, however, that the members who had rendered himself and brother members, promised that if the electors should ever be dissatisfied with his conduct in the Council, he would at that moment resign his trust to them.

Great credit is due to all concerned in the day's proceedings, during the whole of which it is gratifying to add there was not the slightest breach of the rules of order or etiquette, and indeed from the commencement of the debate, it was a fair inference to draw that the general happiness prevailed at the election.

THE COUNCILS.—During the election of Councillors, on the 28th ultmo, I observe a letter signed J. Armstrong, in which reference is made to an article of mine which appeared in your columns on the 25th of that month; Mr. A. says, "your correspondent considers rendering down bullocks in the interval between the two sessions to be in the neighbourhood of Sydney."

Surely Mr. A. must have been dreaming, or could not understand what he was reading; a reading of my article will show, that there is not one sentence in it that bears any reference to the boiling down at one establishment or place over another; my sole object in all writing on the subject being to show some of the evils of the boiling-down system, and leaving the question of the use of the air to the subject to draw their own conclusions as to eligibility, or not, of following out that system.

Before Mr. A. should have taken on himself to assert "it is fatal to infer I had chosen the highest average," he should have satisfied himself of that fact, inferences are no data for argument, and the use of them, in such a case, unfair and incorrect; the simple facts of the case give a direct and positive conclusion to the subject. Mr. Aaron's intention of writing on this subject, with the view I have stated; he very handsomely offered me access to his books to assist in carrying out my intentions. I examined his books, and selected three boilings down, and gave the results, without the least reference as to whether they were the highest or lowest; and I am perfectly satisfied that one of the results given by me is not only the lowest of any boiling down recorded at the time. In regard to the Speaker, I have also since found on enquiry that out of Mr. Hawk's twenty-eight bullocks, six were in very low condition, and below the usual average; Mr. Hawk's lot of 102 head were very many of them cows heavy in calf, and would not from that very circumstance give much internal fat. Mr. Armstrong's object seems to have been to puff the boiling down establishment up to Sydney, without inciting the expense of ventilation; and he ought to be thankful for the success of his scheme; but, as far as his letter will not have the intended effect, six inducing graziers in the interior to send their cattle to Sydney for boiling down, as it must be obvious to the meanest capacity that the expense of sending cattle from hence to Sydney, and the consequent loss in condition from travelling such a distance, would far exceed any counterbalancing advantages he attempts to point out. Mr. A. also alludes to the scarcity of cattle for some time past in the interior, which he says would be the consequence to the pastoral interests? Why nothing more nor less than their ultimate ruin; and as nothing more inclined than Council,—and not a majority would be found so inclined.

It might be delay in procuring the necessary grants from the Council for the wants of the interior, would, in themselves, be embarrassing, particularly in their tendency, and in all probability entailing a curse.

He wished, however, that the members who had rendered himself and brother members, promised that if the electors should ever be dissatisfied with his conduct in the Council, he would at that moment resign his trust to them.

Great credit is due to all concerned in the day's proceedings, during the whole of which it is gratifying to add there was not the slightest breach of the rules of order or etiquette, and indeed from the commencement of the debate, it was a fair inference to draw that the general happiness prevailed at the election.

THE COUNCILS.—During the election of Councillors, on the 28th ultmo, I observe a letter signed J. Armstrong, in which reference is made to an article of mine which appeared in your columns on the 25th of that month; Mr. A. says, "your correspondent considers rendering down bullocks in the interval between the two sessions to be in the neighbourhood of Sydney."

Surely Mr. A. must have been dreaming, or could not understand what he was reading; a reading of my article will show, that there is not one sentence in it that bears any reference to the boiling down at one establishment or place over another; my sole object in all writing on the subject being to show some of the evils of the boiling-down system, and leaving the question of the use of the air to the subject to draw their own conclusions as to eligibility, or not, of following out that system.

Before Mr. A. should have taken on himself to assert "it is fatal to infer I had chosen the highest average," he should have satisfied himself of that fact, inferences are no data for argument, and the use of them, in such a case, unfair and incorrect; the simple facts of the case give a direct and positive conclusion to the subject. Mr. Aaron's intention of writing on this subject, with the view I have stated; he very handsomely offered me access to his books to assist in carrying out my intentions. I examined his books, and selected three boilings down, and gave the results, without the least reference as to whether they were the highest or lowest; and I am perfectly satisfied that one of the results given by me is not only the lowest of any boiling down recorded at the time. In regard to the Speaker, I have also since found on enquiry that out of Mr. Hawk's twenty-eight bullocks, six were in very low condition, and below the usual average; Mr. Hawk's lot of 102 head were very many of them cows heavy in calf, and would not from that very circumstance give much internal fat. Mr. Armstrong's object seems to have been to puff the boiling down establishment up to Sydney, without inciting the expense of ventilation; and he ought to be thankful for the success of his scheme; but, as far as his letter will not have the intended effect, six inducing graziers in the interior to send their cattle to Sydney for boiling down, as it must be obvious to the meanest capacity that the expense of sending cattle from hence to Sydney, and the consequent loss in condition from travelling such a distance, would far exceed any counterbalancing advantages he attempts to point out. Mr. A. also alludes to the scarcity of cattle for some time past in the interior, which he says would be the consequence to the pastoral interests? Why nothing more nor less than their ultimate ruin; and as nothing more inclined than Council,—and not a majority would be found so inclined.

It might be delay in procuring the necessary grants from the Council for the wants of the interior, would, in themselves, be embarrassing, particularly in their tendency, and in all probability entailing a curse.

He wished, however, that the members who had rendered himself and brother members, promised that if the electors should ever be dissatisfied with his conduct in the Council, he would at that moment resign his trust to them.

Great credit is due to all concerned in the day's proceedings, during the whole of which it is gratifying to add there was not the slightest breach of the rules of order or etiquette, and indeed from the commencement of the debate, it was a fair inference to draw that the general happiness prevailed at the election.

THE COUNCILS.—During the election of Councillors, on the 28th ultmo, I observe a letter signed J. Armstrong, in which reference is made to an article of mine which appeared in your columns on the 25th of that month; Mr. A. says, "your correspondent considers rendering down bullocks in the interval between the two sessions to be in the neighbourhood of Sydney."

Surely Mr. A. must have been dreaming, or could not understand what he was reading; a reading of my article will show, that there is not one sentence in it that bears any reference to the boiling down at one establishment or place over another; my sole object in all writing on the subject being to show some of the evils of the boiling-down system, and leaving the question of the use of the air to the subject to draw their own conclusions as to eligibility, or not, of following out that system.

Before Mr. A. should have taken on himself to assert "it is fatal to infer I had chosen the highest average," he should have satisfied himself of that fact, inferences are no data for argument, and the use of them, in such a case, unfair and incorrect; the simple facts of the case give a direct and positive conclusion to the subject. Mr. Aaron's intention of writing on this subject, with the view I have stated; he very handsomely offered me access to his books to assist in carrying out my intentions. I examined his books, and selected three boilings down, and gave the results, without the least reference as to whether they were the highest or lowest; and I am perfectly satisfied that one of the results given by me is not only the lowest of any boiling down recorded at the time. In regard to the Speaker, I have also since found on enquiry that out of Mr. Hawk's twenty-eight bullocks, six were in very low condition, and below the usual average; Mr. Hawk's lot of 102 head were very many of them cows heavy in calf, and would not from that very circumstance give much internal fat. Mr. Armstrong's object seems to have been to puff the boiling down establishment up to Sydney, without inciting the expense of ventilation; and he ought to be thankful for the success of his scheme; but, as far as his letter will not have the intended effect, six inducing graziers in the interior to send their cattle to Sydney for boiling down, as it must be obvious to the meanest capacity that the expense of sending cattle from hence to Sydney, and the consequent loss in condition from travelling such a distance, would far exceed any counterbalancing advantages he attempts to point out. Mr. A. also alludes to the scarcity of cattle for some time past in the interior, which he says would be the consequence to the pastoral interests? Why nothing more nor less than their ultimate ruin; and as nothing more inclined than Council,—and not a majority would be found so inclined.

It might be delay in procuring the necessary grants from the Council for the wants of the interior, would, in themselves, be embarrassing, particularly in their tendency, and in all probability entailing a curse.

He wished, however, that the members who had rendered himself and brother members, promised that if the electors should ever be dissatisfied with his conduct in the Council, he would at that moment resign his trust to them.

Great credit is due to all concerned in the day's proceedings, during the whole of which it is gratifying to add there was not the slightest breach of the rules of order or etiquette, and indeed from the commencement of the debate, it was a fair inference to draw that the general happiness prevailed at the election.

THE COUNCILS.—During the election of Councillors, on the 28th ultmo, I observe a letter signed J. Armstrong, in which reference is made to an article of mine which appeared in your columns on the 25th of that month; Mr. A. says, "your correspondent considers rendering down bullocks in the interval between the two sessions to be in the neighbourhood of Sydney."

Surely Mr. A. must have been dreaming, or could not understand what he was reading; a reading of my article will show, that there is not one sentence in it that bears any reference to the boiling down at one establishment or place over another; my sole object in all writing on the subject being to show some of the evils of the boiling-down system, and leaving the question of the use of the air to the subject to draw their own conclusions as to eligibility, or not, of following out that system.

Before Mr. A. should have taken on himself to assert "it is fatal to infer I had chosen the highest average," he should have satisfied himself of that fact, inferences are no data for argument, and the use of them, in such a case, unfair and incorrect; the simple facts of the case give a direct and positive conclusion to the subject. Mr. Aaron's intention of writing on this subject, with the view I have stated; he very handsomely offered me access to his books to assist in carrying out my intentions. I examined his books, and selected three boilings down, and gave the results, without the least reference as to whether they were the highest or lowest; and I am perfectly satisfied that one of the results given by me is not only the

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

LAND SALE.

At eleven o'clock of Wednesday, the 11th of June, the following portions of Crown Lands will be offered for sale by Public Auction, at the Colonial Treasury, in Sydney, at the upset price affixed to each lot respectively. Deposit 10 per cent.

BENNETT.—1, 4 acres and 3 rods, parish of Binali, at Twofold Bay, allotment No. 1. Upset price £5 per acre.

BATHURST.—2, 16 acres, parish of Bathurst, allotment No. 6. Upset price £2 per acre.

COUNTRY LOTS.

NORTHUMBERLAND.—5, 60 acres, at Lake Macquarie. Upset price £1 per acre.

BATHURST.—4, 50 acres, parish of Clinton, Frederick's Valley Creek. 5, 50 acres, parish of Orange, Frederick's Valley. 6, 51 acres, same site. 7, 37 acres, same place. Upset price £1 per acre.

BOXBOROUGH.—30, acres, parish of Melrose, Green Swamp. Upset price £1 per acre.

Cook.—9, 30 acres, near Blackheath. Upset price £1 per acre.

SPECIAL COUNTRY LOT.

CAMDEN.—10, 24 acres, near Wollongong, Illawarra. Upset price £1 5s per acre.

LAND SALE.

At eleven o'clock of Thursday, the 12th of June, the following portions of Crown Lands will be offered for sale by public auction, at the Colonial Treasury, in Sydney, at the upset price affixed to each lot respectively. Deposit 10 per cent.

BATHURST.—1, 2 rods, No. 9 of section 3; upset price £1 5s per acre; 16—21, 2 rods each, Nos. 3 and 4 of section 4, and 11—14 of section 15. Upset price £8 per acre.

HARTLEY.—1, 1 rod and 7 1/2 perches, No. 3 of section 3; 1, 1 rod and 7 1/2 perches, No. 3 of section 14. Upset price £8 per acre.

PARRAMATTA.—1, 4 rods and 36 perches, No. 65 of section 27; 5, 1 rod and 30 perches, No. 66 of section 27. Upset price £25 per acre.

CARCO.—4—10, 2 rods each, No. 19 of section 9, and Nos. 1—4 of section 16. Upset price £8 per acre.

MUNOON.—11—15, 2 rods each, Nos. 4—8 of section 12. Upset price £8 per acre.

WOLLONGONG.—22—25, 2 rods each, Nos. 1—4 of section 18. Upset price £8 per acre.

APPIN.—26, 2 rods, No. 2 of section 4. Upset price £8 per acre.

OCCUPATION LICENSES.

At eleven o'clock of Thursday, the 22nd of May, will be put up to auction, at the Police Office, Bathurst, the Licenses to occupy the following portions of Land, for one year, from the 1st June, 1845. Further information respecting the land may be obtained from the Surveyor-General; and respecting the conditions from the Colonial Treasurer, and at the Police Office of the district. The upset price of each lot is £4 per section of 640 acres.

GRONOGA.—1, 100 acres, at Wimberrough, Abercrombie River.

ABMEL.—2, 80 acres, near Windellama.

OCCUPATION LICENSES.

At eleven o'clock of Thursday, the 22nd of May, will be put up to auction, at the Police Office, Bathurst, the Licenses to occupy the following portions of Land, for one year, from the 1st June, 1845. Further information respecting the land may be obtained from the Surveyor-General; and respecting the conditions from the Colonial Treasurer, and at the Police Office of the district. The upset price of each lot is £4 per section of 640 acres.

BATHURST.—1, 640 acres, at Calocla, Dunn's Plains.

ROXBURGH.—2, 105 acres, at Capertee; commencing at the north-east corner of John McLean's 300 acre grant at Worrangree. 3, 4, 640 acres each, near Capertee.

OCCUPATION LICENSES.

At eleven o'clock of Thursday, the 22nd of May, will be put up to auction, at the Police Office, Bathurst, the Licenses to occupy the following portions of Land, for one year, from the 1st June, 1845. Further information respecting the land may be obtained from the Surveyor-General; and respecting the conditions from the Colonial Treasurer, and at the Police Office of the district. The upset price of each lot is £4 per section of 640 acres.

GRONOGA.—1, 800 acres, at the Grove, Burragangly Creek. 2, 640 acres, near Bigga, at the head of Kangaroo Creek. 3, 4, 640 acres each, parish unnamed, near Bigga.

KING.—5, 80 acres, at Culavilla, at the head of Culavilla Creek. 6, 800 acres, at the head of the Lachlan. 7, 700 acres, at Jerrara. 14, 1100 acres, at Neinango, near the confluence of Nielango Creek with the Yass River.

HUNTER.—8, 700 acres, near the Mellong Swamp.

NORTHUMBERLAND.—9, 650 acres, at New-port, Lake Macquarie.

MURRAY.—10, 1270 acres, at Jinglemorey, Shoalhaven River.

PHILLIP.—1, 700 acres, Nullo Mountains, at the head of Widden Creek.

DURHAM.—12, 1200 acres, near the head of Dry Creek. 18, 640 acres, one mile north of the confluence of Coorangoola Creek with Dry Creek.

OCCUPATION LICENSES.

At eleven o'clock of Thursday, the 22nd May, will be put up to auction, at the Police Office, Port Macquarie, the Licenses to occupy the following portions of Land, for one year, from the 1st June, 1845. Further information respecting the land may be obtained from the Surveyor-General; and respecting the conditions from the Colonial Treasurer, and at the Police Office of the district. The upset price of each lot is £4 per section of 640 acres.

GROGIANA.—1, 800 acres, at the Grove, Burragangly Creek. 2, 640 acres, near Bigga, at the head of Kangaroo Creek. 3, 4, 640 acres each, parish unnamed, near Bigga.

KING.—5, 80 acres, at Culavilla, at the head of Culavilla Creek. 6, 800 acres, at the head of the Lachlan. 7, 700 acres, at Jerrara. 14, 1100 acres, at Neinango, near the confluence of Nielango Creek with the Yass River.

HUNTER.—8, 700 acres, near the Mellong Swamp.

NORTHUMBERLAND.—9, 650 acres, at New-port, Lake Macquarie.

MURRAY.—10, 1270 acres, at Jinglemorey, Shoalhaven River.

PHILLIP.—1, 700 acres, Nullo Mountains, at the head of Widden Creek.

DURHAM.—12, 1200 acres, near the head of Dry Creek. 18, 640 acres, one mile north of the confluence of Coorangoola Creek with Dry Creek.

OCCUPATION LICENSES.

At eleven o'clock of Thursday, the 22nd May, will be put up to auction, at the Police Office, Port Macquarie, the Licenses to occupy the following portions of Land, for one year, from the 1st June, 1845. Further information respecting the land may be obtained from the Surveyor-General; and respecting the conditions from the Colonial Treasurer, and at the Police Office of the district. The upset price of each lot is £4 per section of 640 acres.

GRONOGA.—1, 800 acres, at the Grove, Burragangly Creek. 2, 640 acres, near Bigga, at the head of Kangaroo Creek. 3, 4, 640 acres each, parish unnamed, near Bigga.

KING.—5, 80 acres, at Culavilla, at the head of Culavilla Creek. 6, 800 acres, at the head of the Lachlan. 7, 700 acres, at Jerrara. 14, 1100 acres, at Neinango, near the confluence of Nielango Creek with the Yass River.

HUNTER.—8, 700 acres, near the Mellong Swamp.

NORTHUMBERLAND.—9, 650 acres, at New-port, Lake Macquarie.

MURRAY.—10, 1270 acres, at Jinglemorey, Shoalhaven River.

PHILLIP.—1, 700 acres, Nullo Mountains, at the head of Widden Creek.

DURHAM.—12, 1200 acres, near the head of Dry Creek. 18, 640 acres, one mile north of the confluence of Coorangoola Creek with Dry Creek.

OCCUPATION LICENSES.

At eleven o'clock of Thursday, the 22nd May, will be put up to auction, at the Police Office, Port Macquarie, the Licenses to occupy the following portions of Land, for one year, from the 1st June, 1845. Further information respecting the land may be obtained from the Surveyor-General; and respecting the conditions from the Colonial Treasurer, and at the Police Office of the district. The upset price of each lot is £4 per section of 640 acres.

GRONOGA.—1, 800 acres, at the Grove, Burragangly Creek. 2, 640 acres, near Bigga, at the head of Kangaroo Creek. 3, 4, 640 acres each, parish unnamed, near Bigga.

KING.—5, 80 acres, at Culavilla, at the head of Culavilla Creek. 6, 800 acres, at the head of the Lachlan. 7, 700 acres, at Jerrara. 14, 1100 acres, at Neinango, near the confluence of Nielango Creek with the Yass River.

HUNTER.—8, 700 acres, near the Mellong Swamp.

NORTHUMBERLAND.—9, 650 acres, at New-port, Lake Macquarie.

MURRAY.—10, 1270 acres, at Jinglemorey, Shoalhaven River.

PHILLIP.—1, 700 acres, Nullo Mountains, at the head of Widden Creek.

DURHAM.—12, 1200 acres, near the head of Dry Creek. 18, 640 acres, one mile north of the confluence of Coorangoola Creek with Dry Creek.

OCCUPATION LICENSES.

At eleven o'clock of Thursday, the 22nd May, will be put up to auction, at the Police Office, Port Macquarie, the Licenses to occupy the following portions of Land, for one year, from the 1st June, 1845. Further information respecting the land may be obtained from the Surveyor-General; and respecting the conditions from the Colonial Treasurer, and at the Police Office of the district. The upset price of each lot is £4 per section of 640 acres.

GRONOGA.—1, 800 acres, at the Grove, Burragangly Creek. 2, 640 acres, near Bigga, at the head of Kangaroo Creek. 3, 4, 640 acres each, parish unnamed, near Bigga.

KING.—5, 80 acres, at Culavilla, at the head of Culavilla Creek. 6, 800 acres, at the head of the Lachlan. 7, 700 acres, at Jerrara. 14, 1100 acres, at Neinango, near the confluence of Nielango Creek with the Yass River.

HUNTER.—8, 700 acres, near the Mellong Swamp.

NORTHUMBERLAND.—9, 650 acres, at New-port, Lake Macquarie.

MURRAY.—10, 1270 acres, at Jinglemorey, Shoalhaven River.

PHILLIP.—1, 700 acres, Nullo Mountains, at the head of Widden Creek.

DURHAM.—12, 1200 acres, near the head of Dry Creek. 18, 640 acres, one mile north of the confluence of Coorangoola Creek with Dry Creek.

OCCUPATION LICENSES.

At eleven o'clock of Thursday, the 22nd May, will be put up to auction, at the Police Office, Port Macquarie, the Licenses to occupy the following portions of Land, for one year, from the 1st June, 1845. Further information respecting the land may be obtained from the Surveyor-General; and respecting the conditions from the Colonial Treasurer, and at the Police Office of the district. The upset price of each lot is £4 per section of 640 acres.

GRONOGA.—1, 800 acres, at the Grove, Burragangly Creek. 2, 640 acres, near Bigga, at the head of Kangaroo Creek. 3, 4, 640 acres each, parish unnamed, near Bigga.

KING.—5, 80 acres, at Culavilla, at the head of Culavilla Creek. 6, 800 acres, at the head of the Lachlan. 7, 700 acres, at Jerrara. 14, 1100 acres, at Neinango, near the confluence of Nielango Creek with the Yass River.

HUNTER.—8, 700 acres, near the Mellong Swamp.

NORTHUMBERLAND.—9, 650 acres, at New-port, Lake Macquarie.

MURRAY.—10, 1270 acres, at Jinglemorey, Shoalhaven River.

PHILLIP.—1, 700 acres, Nullo Mountains, at the head of Widden Creek.

DURHAM.—12, 1200 acres, near the head of Dry Creek. 18, 640 acres, one mile north of the confluence of Coorangoola Creek with Dry Creek.

OCCUPATION LICENSES.

At eleven o'clock of Thursday, the 22nd May, will be put up to auction, at the Police Office, Port Macquarie, the Licenses to occupy the following portions of Land, for one year, from the 1st June, 1845. Further information respecting the land may be obtained from the Surveyor-General; and respecting the conditions from the Colonial Treasurer, and at the Police Office of the district. The upset price of each lot is £4 per section of 640 acres.

GRONOGA.—1, 800 acres, at the Grove, Burragangly Creek. 2, 640 acres, near Bigga, at the head of Kangaroo Creek. 3, 4, 640 acres each, parish unnamed, near Bigga.

KING.—5, 80 acres, at Culavilla, at the head of Culavilla Creek. 6, 800 acres, at the head of the Lachlan. 7, 700 acres, at Jerrara. 14, 1100 acres, at Neinango, near the confluence of Nielango Creek with the Yass River.

HUNTER.—8, 700 acres, near the Mellong Swamp.

NORTHUMBERLAND.—9, 650 acres, at New-port, Lake Macquarie.

MURRAY.—10, 1270 acres, at Jinglemorey, Shoalhaven River.

PHILLIP.—1, 700 acres, Nullo Mountains, at the head of Widden Creek.

DURHAM.—12, 1200 acres, near the head of Dry Creek. 18, 640 acres, one mile north of the confluence of Coorangoola Creek with Dry Creek.

OCCUPATION LICENSES.

At eleven o'clock of Thursday, the 22nd May, will be put up to auction, at the Police Office, Port Macquarie, the Licenses to occupy the following portions of Land, for one year, from the 1st June, 1845. Further information respecting the land may be obtained from the Surveyor-General; and respecting the conditions from the Colonial Treasurer, and at the Police Office of the district. The upset price of each lot is £4 per section of 640 acres.

GRONOGA.—1, 800 acres, at the Grove, Burragangly Creek. 2, 640 acres, near Bigga, at the head of Kangaroo Creek. 3, 4, 640 acres each, parish unnamed, near Bigga.

KING.—5, 80 acres, at Culavilla, at the head of Culavilla Creek. 6, 800 acres, at the head of the Lachlan. 7, 700 acres, at Jerrara. 14, 1100 acres, at Neinango, near the confluence of Nielango Creek with the Yass River.

HUNTER.—8, 700 acres, near the Mellong Swamp.

NORTHUMBERLAND.—9, 650 acres, at New-port, Lake Macquarie.

MURRAY.—10, 1270 acres, at Jinglemorey, Shoalhaven River.

PHILLIP.—1, 700 acres, Nullo Mountains, at the head of Widden Creek.

DURHAM.—12, 1200 acres, near the head of Dry Creek. 18, 640 acres, one mile north of the confluence of Coorangoola Creek with Dry Creek.

OCCUPATION LICENSES.

At eleven o'clock of Thursday, the 22nd May, will be put up to auction, at the Police Office, Port Macquarie, the Licenses to occupy the following portions of Land, for one year, from the 1st June, 1845. Further information respecting the land may be obtained from the Surveyor-General; and respecting the conditions from the Colonial Treasurer, and at the Police Office of the district. The upset price of each lot is £4 per section of 640 acres.

GRONOGA.—1, 800 acres, at the Grove, Burragangly Creek. 2, 640 acres, near Bigga, at the head of Kangaroo Creek. 3, 4, 640 acres each, parish unnamed, near Bigga.

KING.—5, 80 acres, at Culavilla, at the